



Provincial
Subscription

STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME THIRTEEN

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JAN. 26, 1933

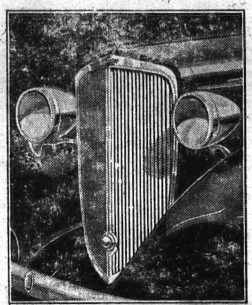
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ROYAL CAFE, STONY PLAIN.

(Phone 33)
BOXED CHOCOLATES, from 10 Cents to \$1.
Pavey's, Lowney's and Paulin's.
TRY OUR SPECIAL DINNER—25c. and Up.
FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.
A Big Sale Now On of **BRIAR PIPES** at 25 cents.

L. M. LARSON, Proprietor.

*MADE TO ORDER FOR CANADIANS



and IT'S CANADA'S CHOICE in the LOW-PRICE FIELD!

When a new car "clicks" at Chevrolet is clicking—pulls thousands to Chevrolet showrooms for days on end—there's bound to be a reason! It's *value* that makes the new Chevrolet Six Canada's choice again in 1933!

Value in proved design: Chevrolet pioneered the low-priced six-cylinder engine five years ago; built a strong, rugged chassis and a durable Fisher body around it. Today Chevrolet gives you the biggest, roomiest cars in the low-price field; bar none! A famous six-cylinder engine—one with a background—now Cushion-balanced in a new patented way! Even smarter Fisher bodies—with Air-Streamed styling, safety glass windshield and No-Draft Ventilation! Low running costs that people have been talking about for years—now whittled down amazingly! And a low first cost that finds its true appreciation when you size up the tag that says, "Delivered Price!"

Value in the latest advancements: Certainly, the new Chevrolet has them all. *Because it's Made to Order for Canadians—with new features selected by thousands of Canadians in a nation-wide survey conducted by Chevrolet and General Motors. Drive the new Chevrolet! Nothing else so quickly reveals how *natural* it is that Canada chooses the car that's Made to Order for Canadians.

WHAT 30,000 MOTORISTS TOLD US

This "Automobile Buyer's Guide" tells about our recent survey among Canadian motorists and provides information which you will find valuable in choosing your next car. Send coupon for free copy.

Customer Research Dept.
General Motors Products of Canada Limited, Oshawa, Ont.

Name _____
Address _____

NEW CHEVROLET SIX
Sommerfield & Mayer,
STONY PLAIN.

DON'T BUY IN THE DARK.
SPEND YOUR MONEY
FOR ADVERTISED GOODS.

A Birthday Party.

To help him celebrate the anniversary of his natal day, and also his coming of age, a party of his young friends honored Mr Edmond Lory last Friday evening by giving him a little surprise at his home, when a very pleasant evening was spent at games, cards and dancing. Among those present were:

The Misses Liebert, B Mundt, M Clarke, S Everett, E Wudel, O Schultz, D Becker, Margaret and Jean Callahan;

Messrs. L Wudel, H Larson, Hy Trapp, A Mundt, H Oatway, Ot Wudel, C Anderson, R Lory, M Larson.

Inga's Court of Revision.

For several days last week the Court of Revision for Inga M. D. held forth at the town hall, when Mr F Renshaw, official administrator for the district, heard appeals from ratepayers who were dissatisfied with the recent re-assessment of the farm lands in the M D. A notation was made of the stated grievances of the appellants, and these were sent on to the Equalisation board for their consideration. The decisions on the appeals will be given out later.

Hockey News.

At the game at the Fort the Seniors played last week they sure had hard luck, what with this and that, and the poor lights—particularly the latter. In fact they weren't able to distinguish their own players from the other fellows and this led to some annoying mistakes. However, Seniors were only beat by the score 3-1, which, considering their handicaps, was a very creditable showing.

At the return game Seniors played here Sunday with the Fort boys, a good game was played; but the Fort team was too strong for the Seniors and the visitors won by the score 4 to 3.

The Recreation team from Edmonton play the Seniors here on Sunday next, and the Concordia bunch are due here Feb 5.

To replenish the funds in their depleted treasury, the officers of the Junior Hockey club staged a skating party at the local rink Sunday Evg., which was well supported by local hockey fans.

Barter Is All the Rage.

There seems to be no limit to the present barter fever, as some seem prepared to go any length rather than part with cash, as per the following incident reported from an Old Country town:

"After accepting farm produce in lieu of cash, the tax authorities of Budapest had to take in seven lions and thirteen monkeys tendered by a circus owner."

Later it was discovered that the town's secretary-treasurer after feeding the animals one meal, had disappeared.

Get It at HARDWICK'S.

Stocktaking Clearance:

- Men's Windbreakers, worth \$3, for \$1.75.
- Boys' Fancy Coat Sweaters, worth \$1.50, for \$1.
- Men's Fancy Dress Sox, a 40-cent line, for 25c.
- Ladies' Silk and Wool Hose, for 29c.
- And Lots of Grocery Specials.

HARDWICK'S

Agents Alberta Dair, Pool Cream.

IT HAS ARRIVED—THE New 1933 Chevrolet

A MARVEL OF BEAUTY!
THE OUTSTANDING CAR OF THE YEAR.
NOW ON DISPLAY AT OUR SHOWROOMS.

Sommerfield & Mayer,
SERVICE GARAGE,
STONY PLAIN, Alberta.

THE SANITARY MEAT MARKET.

PHONE 21.
BUYING HOGS AND LIVE STOCK EVERY THURSDAY.

PETER HENKEL, Proprietor.

APPLES!

A Carload Just Arrived, comprising:
GRIMES' GOLDEN, WAGNER,
McINTOSH RED, DELICIOUS,
And all the other good varieties.
CHAS. RIES,
At the L. Zilliox Warehouse, Stony Plain.

Adds Zest to the Meal

"SALAD" TEA

"Fresh from the Gardens"

The Human Factor.

In these days when so much is being said and written about plans, and systems, and machines, and institutions, it becomes all the more necessary that sight should not be lost of the most important of all factors in our individual and community life, in fact in our present day civilization, and that is the human factor.

Man has demonstrated that he can invent a machine and so improve it that it is almost perfect in its operation and in doing what is expected of it, with the result that, when it does fail, that failure is to be attributed in the vast majority of instances to the person who is in control and directing the operation of the machine. In other words, it is the human factor not the machine that is found to be weak and faulty and breaks down under stress and in emergencies.

For example, if a study is made of the records of automobile accidents it will be found that the majority of accidents is not due to poor tires, faulty brakes, poor construction or materials used in any part of the car or even to bad roads and adverse weather conditions, but to the drivers of cars. Poor judgment is displayed in an emergency, downright selfishness influences the driver in his attitude towards other drivers, recklessness leads to the taking of desperate risks,—in a word, it is the human factor, not the machine that is at fault. And what is true in the case of the automobile will be found to be true in varying degrees of all machinery.

Not only so, but the same statement may be made without fear of successful counter-attack in regard to all man-made or evolved institutions, systems and plans. Of course, no machine or no institution or system is perfect, but as the years roll by they are constantly improved upon and brought ever nearer perfection, although, admittedly, perfection will never be fully attained. But such approach to perfection is not attained by destroying the existing machine or institution, but by improving upon that which exists until, in course of time and through experience, a new machine has been actually developed which replaces the old one, or a new scheme has been evolved which, because of its many advantages over an old one, gradually replaces it. It is, in fact, not a new scheme at all, but an evolution of, a development out of, the old one.

There is a tendency in these troublous times to lay all the blame for our difficulties upon the machine, to denounce our systems and methods of government, our methods and ways of distributing commodities, the institutions through which we finance the purchase and sale of goods and services, and alone responsible for the evils against which we are presently contending. Perhaps machine production needs to be more effectively controlled, and our institutions, systems and methods further improved. Improvement is always necessary, and furthermore it is always taking place. Mankind is not slipping backward, but is constantly and steadily going forward. And if, temporarily, we have allowed things to get out of gear; if the machine is running wild; if our systems of government and of life are proving unequal to the strain we have put upon them, is the fault in the machine, or the system, or is the fault in the human factor which created the machine and established the systems and then failed to guide them aright?

Scrapping all the machines in the world today, over-throwing every existing form of government, every system in the financial or economic world, every man-made institution, and replacing them with something entirely new would not provide a solution for the world's troubles so long as men and women with the same characteristics, the same natures, the same prejudices and passions, the same greed, in a word all the same human limitations which now hamper and control us, remain in control.

Our churches should be as near perfection as anything in this world can be, but they are not; indeed, they are far from it. Not because they are not founded upon the highest ideals, because they are, but because a church is just what the people who constitute that church make it. We boast of a democratic form of government, but it is full of weaknesses and admitted evils, not because the principles upon which democratic government is founded are weak and evil, but because our present-day democracy,—that is, the people,—themselves create the weaknesses and are responsible for the evils. Leaders of political parties are blamed for many things against which they are constantly fighting but which are forced upon them and their parties by the rank and file of the people.

If all men were honest in their thinking and in their dealings with one another; if in their desire to prosper they also controlled their greed; if in demanding recognition of their own rights and opinions and beliefs, they were likewise ready and willing to accord a like recognition to those who held contrary views; if, in a word, the human factor was stronger, better and a little nearer perfection, there would be less cause to condemn machines, systems and institutions. More than anything else in the world today, it is man who is at fault, and the fault extends all the way from the man whom the world regards as being at the top to the man who is at the very bottom.

We are told that the law of the jungle prevails; that it is still a case of the survival of the fittest. It is largely true, and why is it true? Because it is, after all, Nature's law. All Nature proves it, from the tiniest insect or plant to the largest. Nature's law rules supreme in the animal, vegetable and mineral world. It manifests itself among the fishes in the sea, the birds in the air, the vegetation in the fields and forests. It influences all mankind, but, given a brain and reasoning powers, man has steadily risen above the beasts. He has not attained perfection; far from it. Nor can he attain it by Act of Parliament, or through any given system, but only by the steady upward climb, higher and ever higher above the lower animal world.

God and Nature alone are perfect, and men can alone draw closer to that perfection by subduing the evil and the gross in his nature to that which is good and beneficent. What the world stands in need of today is a decided improvement in the human factor. That accomplished, and our other much discussed and highly desired betterments will quickly follow.

Shakespeare never made a continuous journey so far as a trip from Regina to Winnipeg.

London now has 50 automatic telephone exchanges, covering 220,000 lines.

W. N. U. 1978

Automobile transport has increased so extensively in Anglo-Egyptian Sudan that it is outstripping expansion of roads, machines being able to traverse almost any section of the country in dry weather.

Germany has 65 different weekly publications devoted to radio.

Mussolini Made Good

Showed His Power "When English Lady Was Cheated By Watchmaker"

An English lady bought a lovely watch in Rome, and paid £35 for it. Proud of her buy, she took it to a London shop to have it appraised before insuring it. The jeweler told her the watch might be worth a pound, but no great bargain at that.

Enraged, the English lady could think of only one thing to do. She sat down and wrote direct to Mussolini, telling of the deception and adding bitterly that she didn't think ruling such a people was anything to brag about. In a couple of weeks, back came a letter from Il Duce apologizing for the incident, hoping that the lady didn't really judge all that country by the one had caught sample she met, and enclosing his own check for the amount of £35.

A couple of weeks later the lady got another letter from Italy—but it wasn't from Signor Mussolini. It was from the friend who had sold her the watch. The government, he said, had closed down his shop, fined him, and was about to escort him to jail to do a six months' stretch. Would the lady please intercede?

The lady, very much amazed, decided she wouldn't.—From Fortune.

TO SEE HER FAT GO

Cost This Woman 75c.

If you are curious to know what is happening to her bust, waist and hip measurements, read her letter:—

"I was 198 lbs. when I started taking Kruschen three months ago, and am now 162 lbs., and I hope to reduce my weight still more. Regarding my measurements before taking Kruschen: I was 41-in. bust, 38-in. waist, and 49-in. hips, and now I am 39-in. bust, 36-in. waist, and 45-in. hips, my age being 29 years. A 75c. bottle of Kruschen lasts me a month. I take one half-teaspoonful in a tumbler of hot water each morning before breakfast. Apart from losing weight, I feel so much better in health. I do not wake up in the morning still feeling tired, and do not get headaches like I used to. I cannot thank Kruschen enough."—(Miss M.) A. H.

Kruschen contains those six mineral salts, proportionately balanced, found in the waters of those famous European Spas used by generations of fat people to reduce weight.

Kruschen helps blood, nerves, glands, and body organs to function properly—you gain new strength and energy—feel years younger—look better, work better.

New Camera Perfected

Device Checks Mistakes Of Witnesses

An "evidence camera" to assist courts reconstruct serious automobile accidents and keep check on witnesses' testimony was demonstrated before the International Association for Identification. The camera is the invention of Andrew Kavanagh, chief of police at Rochester, N.Y., who perfected it in co-operation with camera experts.

The device consists of the camera set up over a miniature diagram of streets, complete with signal lights, post and other pertinent features. Witnesses questioned immediately after an accident are required to place miniature automobiles in the diagrammed streets in positions applying at the time of the accident and the layout is photographed and filed for presentation in the event the witness deviates from his original story in court.

A One Tree Orchard

Oregon Man Plans By Grafting To Grow Variety Of Fruits

F. E. Jordan needs only one tree to make an orchard.

And on that one tree he'll grow everything from a apple to a rose.

On one tree—a blight resisting pear tree—he has grafted 80 apple, 14 pear and four quince varieties. One of his peach trees is bearing peaches, plums, apricots, plums and nectarines.

Payments for dog licenses in Rhos, England, may now be made by instalments of four cents a week.

diameter is in the National Museum in Washington. It is said to be the largest watch in the world.

Headaches and Dizzy Spells Nerves in Bad Condition

Mr. Neil Crawford, Hamilton, Ont., writes:—
"My nerves were in such bad condition I found it almost impossible to get a good night's sleep. I was also bothered with headaches and dizzy spells."

I tried many different remedies, but they did not seem to give me much relief, but after I had taken Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I could hardly believe the change they had made in my condition."

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Shipping Tied Up

Thousands Of British Seamen Are Out Of Work

No industry more anxiously awaits some definite step toward the convening of the much-advertised world economic conference than the shipping industry of Britain. To this conference ship-owners look to break the vicious circle of tariff barriers, unfair competition, subsidies on uneconomic principles and selfish restrictive regulations which have combined to bring the proud seafaring men of this country perilously near to economic disaster.

In the estuaries and harbors of Britain today millions of pounds' worth of shipping are tied up, deteriorating rapidly, and piling up heavy maintenance charges against owners with little hope of ever again putting to sea. Twenty per cent. of all the world's shipping is idle, the aggregate quantity tied up amounting to 15,000,000 tons. Thirty-two well-known British shipping lines at the moment are paying no dividend on their ordinary shares, which means the impoverishment of hundreds of thousands of small investors all over the Empire.

It is estimated that foreign nations for the past several years have been spending \$150,000,000 yearly on subsidies to shipping. At the same time all sorts of restrictive laws have been passed against the natural operation of shipping and old regulations have been lightened up. Today, while every port in the British Isles and in the whole Empire is free to shipping of all nations, British ships are barred from the coastal trade of many countries.

If British shipping were subsidized on the same relative scale as their foreign competitors, it is stated that the British taxpayer would have to find more than \$100,000,000 annually.

Meanwhile, British shipping lines are forced to curtail expenses in every possible direction; thousands of splendid seamen are out of work, and British shipyards, with a capacity output of 2,500,000 tons a year, at this time have only 120,000 in hand.

New Zealand Crop

Record Wheat Crop Is Forecast By Wheat Purchase Board

A record wheat crop of more than 10,000,000 bushels which will include an exportable surplus of 2,390,000 bushels, is forecast by the New Zealand Purchase Board.

The local price to the growers is fixed at three shillings and four pence, f.o.b. (80 cents at par), with the possibility of further payments later from the compulsory wheat pool. The pool is designed to maintain the average value of wheat based on the New Zealand home consumption value at four shillings and five pence a bushel (\$1.06 at par) and the probable export value of half a crown (60 cents at par).

Our Likes and Dislikes

Many People Do Not Know What They Really Enjoy

Half the evil of this world comes from people not knowing what they do like, not deliberately setting themselves to find out what they really enjoy. All people enjoy giving away money, for instance; they don't know that,—they rather think they like keeping it; and they do keep it under this false impression often to their good discomfort. Everybody likes to do good, but not in a hundred finds this out. Multitudes think they like to do evil; yet no man ever really enjoyed doing evil since God made the world.—John Ruskin.

When there is a heavy frost cold enough to blacken growing vegetation it is called a "black frost."

World Will Right Itself

Past Events Prove Hard Times Cannot Last Forever

In dark days—"All Wrong." The above was the caption on a handbill distributed some time ago on the streets of London. Under the caption was printed the following list of predictions:

William Pitt—"There is scarcely anything around us but ruin and despair."

Wilberforce, early in the nineteenth century: "I dare not marry, the future is so dark and unsettled."

Lord Grey in 1819 said he believed "everything is tending to a convulsion."

The Duke of Wellington, on the eve of his death, in 1851, thanked God that he would "be spared from seeing the consummation of ruin that is gathering about us."

Disraeli in 1849—"In industry, commerce and agriculture, there is no hope."

Queen Adelaide said she "had only one desire, to play the part of Marie Antoinette with bravery in the revolution that was coming on England."

Lord Shaftesbury in 1848—"Nothing can save the British Empire from shipwreck."

The circular concluded: "We came through all right, and shall do so again."

In commenting on present conditions Sir Wilfred Grenfell says: "To adopt an attitude of defeatism is a negation of our heritage as a Viking race."—The Christian World.

Wife—"So you think my new ball gown looks like the deuce?"

Hub—"In the card sense, my dear. The deuce, you know, is the lowest possible card."

Florence, Italy, probably contains more works of art than any other similar area.

End POT SCOURING Improve FOOD FLAVOR!

CANAPAR

Cookery Parchment

brings better, easier, cheaper cooking. Confines odors. Holds full flavours of meats, fish and vegetables. Inexpensive. Each sheet can be used over and over. All dealers, or write direct to

Appleford PAPER PRODUCTS HAMILTON, ONTARIO

RUPTURE

The Hyde Hernia appliance has proven its worth. Worn and recommended by doctors, nurses, ministers and men and women in all walks of life. Only 3 oz. weight. No strapping, wires or hard cruel pads. Positive relief day and night. Inexpensive. Literature sent free in plain English. Write HYDE HERNIA BELT CO., Dept. W.N.U., 2 Toronto St., Toronto.

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS

5000 HEADACHE INDIGESTION BILIOUSNESS CONSTIPATION

W. N. U. 1978

FOR GROWING CHILDREN

Insure sound and vigorous health
Give them

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Norwegian Cod Liver Oil

Rich in Vitamins A and D

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Amey Johnson has been awarded the gold medal of honor of the League of Youth, for her recent Capetown flight.

Twenty sailors from H.M.C.A. Skeena, stationed on the Pacific Coast, arrived in Halifax recently on their way to England, where they will take a course in gunnery.

The Canadian Authors' Association is going to tour the United Kingdom during the coming summer. The party will sail from Quebec on July 1.

Dates of the fifth Pacific States congress which is to be held in Vancouver and Victoria, have been fixed. It will be held from June 1 to June 15.

Freedom for the Philippines was granted by the United States Congress, the senate voting to override President Herbert Hoover's veto of the independence bill.

Canada moved into fifth place among the exporting nations of the world in 1932 according to a preliminary survey of world trade, carried out by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Establishment of a memorial to Canadian and American soldiers of the war, in the form of an international forest of 10,000,000 acres, is being considered by conservationists of the two countries.

Inspector Gilbert Smith, Ottawa, and Inspector E. R. Jackson, of the Dominion penitentiaries branch, are being referred on reorganization of the branch, it was learned in official circles.

The agreement arrived at during the Imperial Economic Conference between the United Kingdom and Canada which will modify the restrictions on the importation of Canadian cattle came into operation on January 17.

A case of leprosy, the second within a year, has been discovered in Toronto. The man is in isolation hospital and will probably be taken to the leprosy colony in New Brunswick. He is a former resident of Rio de Janeiro, where it is believed he contracted the dread malady.

Realization Of Hopes

Depends On Making Best Use Of Present Opportunities

The story is told of Alexander the Great, that when he was leaving Macedonia, he made so many lavish presents to his friends that one of them asked him, "But what are you leaving yourself?" The reply was, "My hopes."

So full was the mind of the mighty conqueror of the countries and nations yet to be brought under his sway and the treasures yet to be gathered into his stores, that all the riches already won were as nothing in comparison.

Men's greatest assets are their hopes. This is true especially of those who stand at the beginning of life and look eagerly forward to the good things which the coming years may bring. But it is well to remember that the realization of our hopes for the future depends on our making the best use of the opportunities of the present. Hopes are assets of the utmost value, but they will become "frozen assets" unless we do our part to give them life.

W. N. U. 1978

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Ruth Rogers



IT HAS ITS POINTS - AND THEY'RE SLENDERING GRACEFUL ONES

One of them is the deep inset with brief bolero effect that narrows the bodice breadth. The panned skirt is smart and slimming. The puffed sleeves, just moderately full with snug fit about the wrists, give the arm graceful length.

Carry it out as the original in black rough crepe with the vest and rolled collar of geranium-red crepe—you'll adore it.

Crinkly crepe satin can be used to smart advantage, using the reverse surface for contrast.

Sheer woollens and velvet are also suitable.

Style No. 963 is designed for sizes 10, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust.

Size 36 requires 3½ yards 39-inch with ½ yard 35-inch contrasting. Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

In Great Demand

Companies After Man But Not For His Services

A man applied to a famous film producer for a super's job. Like so many other super's in Hollywood, he had no work for weeks.

"Well," replied the magnate, "I might be able to use you. See me in a month's time."

"If you want me at all," replied the actor, "you'd better put me on the pay-roll right now. There are a lot of other companies after me."

"Well," said the actor, "there's the light company, the gas company, the telephone company, and—"

The director laughed and the man was put on the salary list.

Photo By Flashlight

A new "black light" electric bulb by which a flashlight photo can be made in apparently complete darkness was described to the Illuminating Engineering Society of Newark, New York, by Samuel S. Hibben, a lighting engineer.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JANUARY 29

JESUS AND THE SABBATH

Golden Text: "The Sabbath was made for man, and not man for the Sabbath; so that the Son of Man is Lord even of the Sabbath."—Mark 2: 27, 28.

Lesson: Mark 2:13-3, 6.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 122.

Explanations and Comments

Criticized For Not Fasting, 2:18-22.—The Pharisees were continually being angered by Jesus' refusal to be bound by the religious practices of His time. There was only one day of fasting during the year prescribed by the law, the great Day of Atonement, but the strict Jews at this time fasted on two days each week. Jesus paid no attention to these weekly fast days.

Criticized For Breaking Their Sabbath Law, 2:23-24.—A still greater offence to the Pharisees was the refusal of Jesus to be bound by the Sabbath, which they had perverted from a day of rest and gladness to one of burdensome rules and gloom. They charged Jesus with allowing his followers to pluck and eat ears of corn as they passed through the fields on the Sabbath. On any day except the Sabbath it was lawful to do this, for the law in Deuteronomy 23:25 reads: "When thou comest into the neighbor's standing grain, take thine handful pluck the ears with thy hand; but thou shalt not move a sickle into thy neighbor's standing grain. To do this on the Sabbath, the rabbinical law claimed, was reaping, and thus broke the fourth commandment, which forbade work on that day.

Jesus' Attitude That the Sabbath Was Made For Man, 2:25, 26.—Jesus waived the point as to whether the Sabbath had been desecrated, said nothing about the raising of the dead, showed that laws could be set aside for good and sufficient reasons. There was a law that the showbread in the temple could be eaten only by the priests (Leviticus 24:9), yet when David and his companions were hungry at Nob they received the holy bread from Abiathar the high priest and ate it. "Did ye never read what David did?" questioned Jesus. "That must admit that it was at least as unlawful for David to eat the showbread as for the disciples to pluck corn on the Sabbath. The showbread was the freshly baked loaves made on the floor which were placed every Sabbath on the table in the holy place of the temple (in David's time in the tabernacle) and left there for a week.

"Book and church and day are given for man, not God, for earth, not heaven."—Whittier.

The Lord Of The Sabbath, 2:27-28.—Then Jesus made His great announcement, the first part of which was that the Sabbath was made for man, and not man for the Sabbath. The Sabbath is a privilege, not a burden, and the way it is observed depends upon man's need and advancement.

The Sabbath is a means to an end, and true rest is man's attainment by man of his true destiny. How is himself humanity arrived at the goal? The answer is to say how the means may best be employed.—J. M. E. Ross.

Queen Mary Popular

Close To Hearts Of British People Says Prince Of Wales

The Prince of Wales is quoted as saying that his mother, Queen Mary, is closer to the hearts and minds of the English people than any member of the royal family. A motherly soul, the queen has a faculty of doing things that attract favorable attention. There is the case of Arthur Phipps, for instance. He is one of the active workers at St. Swithun's Mission. Tooting: He is just 17, and when the mission decided to hold a bazaar, Arthur conceived the idea of writing to Queen Mary to ask if she would contribute a few gifts for the Christmas fair. Imagine the surprise of Arthur and the others in the mission to receive a reply from the lady-in-waiting to Her Royal Highness to the effect that the queen would be delighted to send some things. Later a parcel arrived with about a dozen articles, such as games, book-racks, egg-coales, pictures and books. They were from the queen in response to the request: You may think that was a little thing for Queen Mary to do. Perhaps it was not spectacular. But it endeared her to the people of St. Swithun's, and to all others who heard about it. As the Prince of Wales remarks, his mother is close to the hearts of the people.

Beef ranks first and pork second in the preference of Americans.

Royal Bank Of Canada Presents Strong Statement

CASH ASSETS 164-MILLION DOLLARS

"Canada has maintained her credit unimpaired."

Sir Herbert Holt deals vigorously with railway and other national problems — Emphasizes need for Government Economy — Imperial Conference — Canadian Business Conditions — International Outlook.

Mr. M. W. Wilson reports on satisfactory year's operations—Central Bank Discussed—Measures needed for business recovery.

The Sixty-fourth Annual Meeting of the Royal Bank of Canada marked the close of a very successful year. The Statement submitted showed the Bank to be in a very strong liquid position. Of the Total Assets of \$745,512,920 the Liquid Assets amounted to as much as \$355,929,915, and were equal to 52.86% of all Liabilities to the Public. An outstanding feature of the Liquid Assets was the large holding of Cash Assets, which reached a total of One Hundred and Sixty-Four Millions.

A large number of shareholders, and was marked by interesting and instructive addresses by Sir Herbert Holt, President, and Morris W. Wilson, Vice-President and General Manager.

Vigorous comments and suggestions as regards several of the outstanding domestic problems of Canada, and a complete survey of the world economic situation and the prospects ahead; a strong plea for the maintenance of the Canadian railways, as the only manner in which the grave Canadian financial crisis can be solved; intervention by the provincial governments to conserve Canadian natural resources, and to prevent the collapse of the vitally important newspaper industry, if the present strong efforts being made to secure a measure of recovery are not successful, and a condemnation of excessive governmental expenditure, featured the address of the president.

Sir Herbert said in part:

The power of resistance which this country has shown during the third year of the depression is cause for congratulation. With no Canadian assistance from other countries other than a small amount of re-financing, which was arranged by the business banks, with currency depreciation in terms of gold limited to a very small amount, and with none of the restrictions on foreign exchange or international trade which have rendered inevitable in so many cases, Canada has lived up to the letter of her contracts and maintained her credit. In doing so she has followed the tradition of the British Empire as a whole. It is no exaggeration to say that the stability and soundness of the Empire's banking institutions have played an important part in the creation of this good record.

Railway Problem.

In referring to the report of the Royal Commission on Transportation, Sir Herbert expressed the opinion that co-operation between the two railroad systems to effect mutual economies will not prove drastic enough to cut down in any adequate degree the annual deficits of the government railways, and expressed the conviction that the solution lay in complete amalgamation. He felt that a monopoly were groundless and that under proper safeguards unification would result in a co-ordinated transportation system adequate to the needs of the country and conducted at a minimum of expense.

Government Expenses.

"For many years, Government expenditure has been on an excessive scale to say the least. It has characterized the budgets of national, provincial and municipal governments. To the country there is a general demand that budgets be balanced and every effort be made to lighten the heavy burden imposed upon the people by reducing the unduly heavy taxation."

"There is a noteworthy duplication of Government in Canada which leads to the excessive cost of administration. We must seriously consider whether this country can afford to maintain as many as nine Provincial Governments, together with the Federal Government, each with an elaborate organization. The whole population of Great Britain is governed by a single Parliament which finds time to legislate, not only on the most important matters, but also for those which concern the Empire as a whole."

Reviewing the Imperial Conference at Ottawa, Sir Herbert said that the material achievements attained were a triumph for Mr. MacDonald and his Government.

In concluding Sir Herbert said

In all Great Britain there is only one woman tea-taster.

that Canada was fully capable of meeting any further tests which might be imposed, but felt that present indications pointed to the initiation of a recovery in 1933 if a reasonable degree of international common sense and co-operation could be secured.

Gen. Manager's Address.

Mr. M. W. Wilson, Vice-President and General Manager, in referring to the position of the bank, said that an outstanding feature of the Statement was the fact that cash and cash balances totalled \$1,640,000, or over 24% of public liabilities. He mentioned the improvement in the creditable government bonds being called to over 82% of public liabilities. He mentioned the improvement in the creditable government bonds being called to over 82% of public liabilities. He mentioned the improvement in the creditable government bonds being called to over 82% of public liabilities.

Pointing out that the banking system of Canada adequately serves the needs of the country, he said that a Central Bank could perform few services not available under the present system, and would not in any way detract from the necessity of requiring adequate security for banking accommodation, nor permit banks to undertake long-term advances instead of short-term advances for reproductive purposes. Recognizing that the one of central banking is not to be done by a central bank, he said: "I should hope that if a statement is called upon to deal with the subject, the Government will first have the project examined thoroughly by a body of experts, including several from other countries who have had experience in the practical working of a central bank. I confess to a reluctance to enter into our financial machinery in a time like this."

Price Restoration.

"On previous occasions we have stressed the importance of restoring the world price structure to approximately 1924-25 levels. I remarked last year that such action is to be required if the present deflation is to be a temporary and orderly manner, pointing out that deflation had been carried to extraordinary proportions. Restorative measures were urgently required. Unfortunately, price levels continued to fall until the end of June, and the price which commenced at that time has since 1930. The decline for the year, as indicated by the United States Bureau of Labor Index, was, approximately, 7 per cent, which compares with 13 per cent in 1931 and 17 per cent in 1932. The best that can be said is that the rate of fall was appreciably less than in previous years."

"The vital necessity for increasing prices is now commonly recognized, but the difficulty of countering deflation increases as the depression continues. We must hope that the forthcoming World Economic Conference will point the way to constructive action in this respect."

"There is little inclination to believe that the present deflation is an indication of a gradual increase in the standard of living in the world. This is particularly true in Europe, where conditions were anything but favorable a year ago. In the United States, the financial crisis is apparently over, and a return of greater confidence is in evidence. Many problems of business readjustment remain to be met, both abroad and in Canada, but real progress toward recovery has been made, and the prospect of further improvement in the coming year is much more hopeful than it was a year ago."

"I have full confidence in the character of our people and of our institutions, and without minimizing the importance of the problems that must be dealt with, I look to the future with increasing optimism."

Turkeys living in their natural state roost in trees.

U. F. A. DECIDE TO LINK WITH C. C. FEDERATION

Calgary, Alberta.—Three hundred delegates to the United Farmers of Alberta convention here swung Alberta's strongest political farm organization under the banner of the newly-organized Co-Operative Commonwealth Federation.

After listening to speeches for an hour, including an encounter with a woman not a member of the U.F.A. who sought to oppose principles of the C.C.F., the delegates by an almost unanimous show of hands endorsed affiliation previously taken by executive members at the birth of the C.C.F. here last August.

True voting strength which the U.F.A. will bring into the Dominion-wide co-operative organization is doubtful, but leaders of both organizations were confident Alberta would send strong representation into the Federal House after the next election.

The United Farmers of Alberta is represented in the House of Commons by seven members, with Robert Gardner, its president, leader of the Progressive group in parliament. It is the party behind the Alberta administration of Premier J. E. Brownlee, and in a legislature of 63 members has 37 seats.

Voting of official affiliation by the convention marked the opening of the U.F.A. with the organization which its leaders helped greatly to create. Birth of the C.C.F. came through bids of the U.F.A. to create a working agreement with other co-operative and labor organizations of the Dominion.

Each of the three prairie province-wide agrarian organizations is now affiliated with the C.C.F., United Farmers of Manitoba and United Farmers of Canada, Saskatchewan section, having previously voted favorably to alliance on much the same terms as Alberta.

United Farmers of Ontario became affiliated last December at the annual convention of the organization at Toronto and numerous labor bodies in both east and west have joined the Commonwealth movement.

The declaration of affiliation read:

"Therefore, be it resolved, that this convention directs the central board of our association to affiliate with the Co-Operative Commonwealth Federation, it being understood that in affiliating we retain at all times our identity and our autonomy as an economic group in accordance with the declaration of principles adopted by the association in annual convention."

Uniform Companies Act

Measure To Be Designed For The Protection Of The Public

Ottawa, Ont.—The death knell for "evasive" companies was sounded at the Dominion-provincial conference. With marked unanimity, the delegates agreed that steps be taken to prepare a uniform Companies Act for the provinces and the Dominion.

The action is supported by a resolution of the Canadian Bar Association, passed in Calgary last September.

Designed for the protection of the public, the uniformity will correct an abusive situation developed over many years. The complexities have been many.

Incorporation applications have been made to the Dominion and refused. Many have turned to the provinces later with their varying provincial company laws. In a number of instances they secured provincial charters. Through the licensing provisions of some of the provinces, these concerns then extended their operations.

Women Thieves Brutal

Chicago.—Two women burglars who tortured their housewife victim by burning the soles of her feet with lighted matches until she revealed the hiding place of her money—\$10—were reported to police. The victim was Mrs. Rose Schmalzer, 22. The attack was made while her husband was at work in a bakery.

W. N. U. 1978

Sino-Japanese Problem

League Of Nations Making Final Effort Towards Reconciliation

Geneva, Switzerland.—League of Nations assembly leaders prepared for a final effort at conciliation of the Sino-Japanese conflict without any real hope that Tokyo would accept the league's scheme for settling the dispute.

The Japanese delegates were very busy exchanging communications with the home government regarding the Geneva situation.

Vonike Matsuko, Japan's chief representative, reiterated that his government would insist that the assembly refrain from denouncing the establishment of the government of Manchukuo in Manchuria and from condemning Japanese policy in Manchuria since September, 1931, as an unwarranted aggression.

There appeared to be no disposition in League quarters to accept the Japanese view of these questions. Unless something unexpected develops, officials believe the assembly's committee of nineteen will advance to paragraph four, article 15, of the League covenant and will make a report on the dispute without regard to Japan's opposition. Paragraph four provides for such a report with recommendations for League action.

Cabinet Crisis Threatened

New Zealand Minister Of Finance Has Resigned Office

Wellington, New Zealand.—Hon. W. Downie Stewart, Minister of Finance, has resigned his office, and a cabinet crisis is threatened.

Difference of opinion with the remainder of the cabinet on the question of exchange rates and the establishment of a central bank are said to have brought about Mr. Stewart's resignation, and it is considered possible other members might follow his example.

There has been some hope that Mr. Stewart could be persuaded to continue in office, but he remains adamant in his decision. While it is possible city members of the cabinet may follow Mr. Stewart, there is a general belief the government, headed by Rt. Hon. G. M. Forbes, will be able to carry on.

Building Permits

Manitoba Alone Registers An Increase In Construction

Ottawa, Ont.—Building permits issued in December last showed a decrease of more than \$1,000,000 in value as compared with the previous month, and more than \$6,000,000 as against the corresponding month of 1931, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

In December, 1935, construction work was valued at \$14,807,731, against \$2,505,309 in November, and compares with \$7,895,106 in December, 1931.

As compared with the preceding month, Manitoba alone registered an increase in the value of the authorized building, showing a gain of \$843,850, or 27.7 per cent. Declines were indicated in the remaining provinces.

Want Thanksgiving Later

Toronto, Ont.—Claiming the recent change in the date of Thanksgiving day puts a severe handicap on the Canadian poultry trade as farmers find it impossible to get their turkeys into fit condition by October, the Canadian Produce Association here adopted a resolution asking the government to revert to the November date for Thanksgiving.

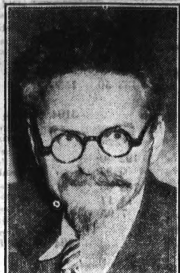
Annual Race On

New York.—The annual race of Australian windjammers carrying cargoes of wheat to the British Isles is on. At special cable to The New York Times from Adelaide, South Australia, says the first of the wheat race ships left January 16. Both are expected to take about 100 days for the voyage.

Irish Free Boycott

Dublin, Irish Free State.—A boycott campaign against British goods entered fresh stages in Dublin when bands of young men entered public houses, leaped upon counters and smashed bottles of British-made ale. Advertising signs were wrecked.

SUES EDITOR



Leon Trotsky, exiled Bolshevik chief, has filed suit for 250,000 pesetas (\$20,000) against a weekly newspaper for publishing under his signature an article censuring Joseph Stalin. He denies that he wrote it.

Deaths Arouse Suspicion

Three In Ontario Township Are To Be Investigated

Toronto, Ont.—"A series of three deaths of residents of York township and East York in a period of over three years have aroused sufficient suspicion to be followed now by investigations under the direction of the attorney-general's department and the York township police," the Toronto Telegram says.

"Police investigations will probably result in the exhumation of the body of one of the deceased with a view to holding a post-mortem to determine whether poisoning was the cause of all three deaths."

"The deceased persons, whose deaths have aroused suspicion among their relatives and friends are: Mr. Bryans, East York; Mrs. Stainburn, York township, aged 90 at her death, and her daughter, Miss Edith Stainburn, aged 52, at her death," the newspaper says.

Merely a Rumor

Russian Deal For Canadian Wheat May Never Develop

New York.—Sources close to the Amtorg Trading Corp., Soviet Russian commercial representative in the United States, said negotiations regarding a rumored 20,000,000-bushel wheat deal with Canada were in merely "conventional" stages.

No contract, it was said, had been closed, and it was indicated some time might elapse before such a transaction might take tangible form, if ever.

Aid To Humanity

Newspaper Publisher Says Machinery Is a Benefactor

Vancouver, B.C.—Machinery and the engineers who design it are humanity's benefactors. Those who doubt this should look at Asia and India and see the work still done with human backs and hands, said Robert Cromie, publisher of the Vancouver Star, addressing a largely attended meeting in Hotel Georgia under auspices of the engineering bureau of Vancouver Board of Trade.

Taking as his subject "Technocracy from the viewpoint of an editor," Mr. Cromie at the outset described technocracy as "the publicly sold technology," and held that the widespread discussion it has evoked will prove of great value because it will stimulate broader study of the relation of technological development to the future of the human race.

Endorse Calgary's Stand

Refusal To Pay Adverse Exchange Supported By U.F.A.

Calgary, Alberta.—The United Farmers of Alberta Convention adopted a resolution endorsing the stand of the city of Calgary in refusing to pay adverse exchange charges in meeting debt obligations.

Introduced after being adopted by the board of directors, the resolution declared the Dominion Government had "defaulted," in failing to supply Calgary with gold at par to make the payment. It termed the calling for exchange payment a "racket" and declared the city was justified in meeting its obligations in Canadian funds only.

Japs Round Up Radicals

Arrests Included Many Girls Belonging To Wealthy Families

Tokyo, Japan.—Removing a publication ban, Japanese authorities announced the details of a country-wide round-up of 2,000 radicals. The arrests occurred late in October, following discovery of widespread Communist activities aimed at eventual overthrow of the existing social system.

It also was announced that 7,000 radicals in all were arrested in Tokyo during last year; most of them educated youngsters in their early 20s. These included girls, many of whom belonged to wealthy families.

To Rescind Treaty

Rome, Italy.—Displeased because Italian purchases in Russia have been exceeding Russian purchases in Italy, the Italian government will renounce the 1924 commercial treaty with the Soviet within the next three weeks.

CANADIAN PROFESSOR HONORED BY FORMER STUDENTS



Above is a reproduction of a portrait of Professor A. H. Young, which has been presented to Trinity College, University of Toronto, by former students, in honor of Dr. Young's forty years' service given to Trinity. Professor Young enjoys a wide reputation for his writings on historical subjects, and he was recently elected President of the Ontario Historical Society. The painting shows the famous historian in his robes as a Doctor of Laws of King's College, Halifax. It was executed by Evan Macdonald of Guelph, Ontario.

AMALGAMATION OF RAILWAYS IS TO BE BIG ISSUE

Ottawa, Ont.—While the immediate reaction to the Beatty railway merger speech at Toronto has not been as favorable as proponents of the policy desired, it is clearly recognized here that the resumption of parliament will precipitate a bitter struggle.

Mr. Beatty's speech received ardent support in some eastern newspapers within a few hours of its delivery, but it is now apparent, there are grave doubts that the amalgamation can succeed and there is a distinct tendency to support the Duff report location in preference to the Beatty plan.

For one thing the government is believed to be uncommitted to any line of action with respect to railways. Many members of the cabinet, no doubt, favor the Beatty plan. But even Mr. Beatty, who has favored a merger, does not define the sort of merger he has in mind. His speech, by inference, favors the Shannessy plan of 1921, which was that the Dominion should buy out the C.P.R. and turn all the railways over to the Canadian railway directorate under contract to administer and operate. If the government, as such, has any preference, it is believed this preference is for the Duff solution as set out in the Melglen bill now before the senate railway committee.

The Montreal Star, which recently distasteful the transportation problem under the caption: "The Railway Monster," comments, directly, on Mr. Beatty's speech. The Star more or less reserves judgment but points out several weaknesses in Mr. Beatty's argument. It also dismisses as not substantial most of Mr. Beatty's criticisms of the Duff report. The Star believes the merger issues has now been joint and concludes its editorial comment by suggesting that the public may safely leave the final decision to Premier Bennett.

Mr. Beatty, it is believed, would scarcely raise such an issue unless he had the unanimous support of his directors and the support of his friends and advisors. It is thought he would not do so unless he believed there was an excellent chance of success. Coupled with this, the fact that Sir Herbert Holt and other business magnates, it is presumed that exceedingly powerful interests are behind the drive for a railway merger.

The reaction among supporters of public ownership is to prepare for the battle. Hon. W. C. Blair, former Liberal minister and the foremost of their advocates in the Commons, assailed the Beatty plan in a public address at Sarnia recently. At Ottawa there is any amount of informal discussion going on but an unwillingness to talk for publication.

Proved Himself a Hero

Captured Fugitive Brought Help To Companions In Plane Crash

Prince Albert, Sask.—Hero of the 'plane crash at Moose Lake which claimed the life of Pilot W. A. "Bill" Spence, Buster Whiteaway, of Berens River, will be brought to Saskatoon, through Prince Albert, as a captured fugitive wanted by the province of Saskatchewan. Inspector G. C. P. Montmarbert of this R.C.M.P. district, ascertained this in a phone call to The Pas.

Whiteaway, thrown from the cabin through the roof in the fatal crash, was the first to regain consciousness and he brought aid to the other survivors. He is at present in hospital recovering from a fractured ankle which did not prevent him from struggling through the storm to bring aid to his companions in the crash, one of whom was Constable P. Greaves, of the R.C.M.P. who had him under arrest.

Many Sock Work

Montreal, Que.—Peaceful and honest, having no revolutionary ideas but wanting work and a living, was the description given by their spokesman to a group of 2,000 men who assembled at the city hall to seek interviews with the civil administration. A reply was promised.

Stony Plain Sun.

Published Every Thursday at The
Sun Office, Stony Plain.

SI Thursday, Jan. 26, 1933.

Holborn Happenings.

Holborn Juniors held their social meeting Sat. Jan. 14th. Miss Elsie Anderson was appointed delegate to a convention at Seba on Jan. 21, when the re-establishment of some rundown Junior Locals will be considered.

The card party on Jan. 10 was quite a success. After the cards, the evening was ended by a jolly good time.

Due to the terrific snow-banks caused by Monday's storm, our actors were unable to present themselves on the 11th. They will return when the roads are in better shape.

"Buster" McDonald, after spending a week at Breton with a friend to look over Homesteads, has returned all smiles and a happy song on his lips.

Holborn S. D. held its annual meeting Monday Jan. 16. W. T. Propp was re-elected as trustee, and A. Anderson was re-elected chairman.

At Edmonton Grain Fair Holborn Junior club was 2nd in standing; Geo. Snaul was 3d with his exhibit; and Cecil Woodley 4th.

Hansen's Corners.

The annual school meeting, held on Sat. Jan. 14, was a real treat—more like the old Sunday School days. Sandy Stevenson was elected by acclamation; Dougald McDonald, Sec.-treas.; Don McDonald, chairman.

A big Community hall is in course of construction on the McKwan farm.

Preparations are already under way for the dance to be given in the Schoolhouse by the trustees Friday Evg. March 17th.

Mr F. Wilkin is planning to start construction work on his new house in the spring-time.

A meeting under the auspices of the new Co-operative Community Federation will be held at Hansen's Corners on a nearby date. Some excellent speakers from Headquarters will be present and give addresses.

One of the Corner's inventive geniuses, who has been working on a scheme to transmit hot air on a beam wave, has discontinued his scientific researches for the present and has gone back to one of his first inventive attempts—the one-bitch halter.

DR. R. A. WALTON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence, 1st St. W.
Opp. Town Hall. Phone 1.

G. J. BRYAN, B. A., LL. B.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Successor to the late F. W. Lundy,
STONY PLAIN.

DR. G. H. BROWN,
DENTAL SURGEON,
Cor. 95 St. & 118 Ave., Edmonton
PHONE 73174.
At Stony Plain on Fridays.

Wanted, Reliable Housekeeper
small wages light work. Write,
stating wages, Michel Bros., Hol-
born.

Wanted, Legs of Pork. Royal
Cafe.

Financial Statement of the Town of Stony Plain for the Year Ending December 31st, 1932.

Receipts.		
Balances Dec. 31, 1931—		
Municipal Account—In bank \$1401.31; cash on hand 18.50	\$1419.81	
Supplementary Revenue Tax Trust Account—In bank 138.26; cash on hand 24c	138.50	1550.21
Receipts on Account Municipal Taxation—		
Municipal Taxes and Costs	3104.58	
Advances and Charges Repaid—Hospital	17.10	
Municipal Revenue Other than Taxes—		
Licenses 45.00; Rentals 147.50	192.50	
Interest and Exchange	9.83	
Building Permits 3.00; Rinks etc. 100.00	103.00	
Commission re-collection of school taxes	14.17	
Commission re-collection Supp. Rev. taxes	7.95	327.45
Trust Monies Received—Supp. Rev. 107.78; School 386.95	494.71	
Outstanding Checks, Dec. 31, 1932—Municipal Account	5.00	
Total	5619.05	

Payments.		
Administration—Salaries Sec.-Treas. & Assessor 425; Auditor 60.00	485.00	
Bond Premium 5.00; Legal Expenses 27.00	32.00	
L. T. O.	32.00	
Printing 48.99; Postage 18.87; Stationery 10.28	78.04	
Office Expenses	21.00	
Sundry Administration Expenses—Wreath	5.00	
Costs Tax Sale	20.88	675.82
Protection of Person and Property—Fire Dept., including New Tank	340.94	
Grants, Aid and Relief, Health & Sanitation—		
Old Age Pensions	21.29	
Sanitation	518.20	
Hospital Accounts	239.65	570.14
Public Works—Streets 204.90, Sidewalks 5.55; Street Lighting 823.75	834.20	
Light 342.25; Parks 36.50	378.85	
Rinks 30.50; Workmen's Compensation Board 14.67	45.17	
Pound	60.00	1318.22
Debentures—Debenture Redemption	796.50	
Sundry—Lands Sold 110; G. Minis Legal Action 250	360.00	
Trust Monies Remitted—Supp. Revenue 159.09; School 386.95	546.04	
Balances Dec. 31, 1932—Municipal Account, in bank 909.82; cash on hand 5.70	915.51	
Supp. Rev. Tax Trust Account, in bank	87.17	1002.69
Total	\$5619.05	
The above Cash on Hand was Deposited January 6th, 1933.		

Assets.		
Balances Dec. 31, 1932 (Municipal only)—		
Bank balance, Dec. 31, 1932—Municipal Acct.	909.82	915.82
Cash on hand, Dec. 31, 1932—Municipal Acct.	5.70	574.53
Uncollected taxes Dec. 31, 1932—Municipal		600.00
Firehall 500; Office Equipment 100		10,500.00
Town Property		87.17
Trust Assets—Balances, Dec. 31, 1932—Supp. Rev. Tax Trust Acct.—in bank		315.99
Uncollected Trust Taxes, Dec. 31, 1932—Supp. Rev. Taxes		19,166.21
Total		

Liabilities.		
Outstanding checks at Dec. 31, 1932 (Municipal only)	5.00	
Liability as per Debenture Statement	3090.91	
Supp. Rev. Taxes—Uncollected taxes, Dec. 31, 1932, 315.99; Collections Not Remitted, Dec. 31, 1932, 87.17	403.16	
Surpluses	3409.07	
Balance Assets over Liabilities (Surplus)	15,767.14	
Total	19,166.21	

Tax Statements.		
Assessed Values for Each Tax (net)	Municipal, 250706	Supp. Rev., 65578
Rate of Taxation (Mills on the Dollar)	15	2.4
Current Levy Under Each Tax Heading	4298.85	191.55
Uncollected at Dec. 31, 1931, including Costs	5128.72	222.90
Penalties and Costs added in 1932	545.23	21.83
Total Due	9083.80	436.78
Collections in 1932, including Costs	9091.58	307.78
Cancellations authorized in 1932	135.78	5.00
Uncollected Dec. 31, 1932	6747.83	315.90
Trust Taxes Collected but not paid (or overpaid) at Dec. 31, 1931	138.50	
Collected in 1932 (see above)	107.78	
Total due (accounted for below)	240.26	
Paid in 1932 to Provincial Government, School and Hospital	150.00	
Amounts Collected by Town but not paid, Dec. 31, 1932	97.17	

Statement of Debentures.
Authorized Issue—Bylaw No. 93; Date, 24 Feb. 1925, Debenture No. 2; Date 2d Feb. 1925, Amount of issue, \$1300.00; Repayment plan, 10 years principal and interest; term of years, 1925-35; Rate of interest, 7; amount of annual payments, 185.09; amount redeemed during 1932, 185.09; total redeemed to date \$1295.63; balance outstanding Dec. 31, 1932, 555.27.

Authorized Issue—Bylaw No. 107; Date, Oct. 15, 1926; Debenture No. 4; Date Oct. 15, 1926; Amount of issue, \$4500; repayment plan 10 years, Prin. and int.; term of years, 1926-36; rate of interest, 6; amount of annual payment, \$11.41; amount redeemed during 1932, \$11.41; total redeemed to date, \$68.46; balance outstanding Dec. 31, 1932, \$2445.64.

Totals: Amount of issue, 5890; Amount of annual payment 796.50; Amount Refeamed during 1932, 796.50; Total Redeemed to Date, 4964.09; Balance Outstanding Dec. 31, 1932, 3000.91.

Expenditure.		
Salaries 485; Office Expenses 100.00	575.82	
Mints	260.00	
Taxes Payable by Town on Forfeited Lands	110.00	1005.82
Fire Dept.	340.04	
Health and Sanitation	318.20	
Old Age Pensions	21.29	
Hospital	239.65	990.85
Debenture Redemption		796.50
Roads, Sidewalks etc.	310.45	
Town Property Expense 411.92; Street Lighting 583.75	1005.67	
Parks, Rinks, etc. Improvement and Maintenance	67.10	1318.22
Total	4085.82	

Revenue.		
Tax Levy 1932 (for Municipal Purposes only)	1770.87	
Arrears Collected in 1932	1207.77	
Arrears Collected in 1932 and Costs	55.94	3104.58
Licenses	45.00	
Building Permits	3.00	
Bank Interest	9.83	57.83
Gross Proceeds of Sales of Forfeited Lands	120.00	
Commissions	22.12	148.13
Revenue from the following (owned by Town)—		
Rinks 100; Hall 147.50	247.50	
Surpluses from other accounts, Repayment hospital aid	17.18	
Balance (deficit)	408.10	
Total	8408.82	

TAX SALE STATEMENT.
Date Tax Notification Registered, 1st April, 1932. Date of Public Sale, 6th August, 1932. Number of Parcels sold in 1932—Public Sale 3; Private Sale 1. Receipts from Lands Sold in 1932—Public Sale \$110; Private Sale 10. Total Receipts in 1932, \$120.
Above Receipts Distributed as follows—Credited to Costs 11; credited to Municipal Taxes 75.89; Credited to Supp. Rev. Taxes, 1.96; credited to School Taxes, 31.78; Surpluses 10. Total accounted for \$120.
Taxes (cancelled) in 1932 under Tax Recovery Act, 123.78.
Valuation of Town Property (not encumbered by Debenture Debt)—Real Estate (Land and Buildings) 4000; Fire Apparatus 2500; Crossovers and Sidewalks 4000. Total 10,500. Fire Insurance Carried 4,300.
Net Taxable Assessment for Debenture Purposes \$550,705.
Debenture debt per capita, \$5.00. Estimated Population 500.
Number of Lots or Parcels under Taxation 416. Number of Lots or Parcels Exempt from Taxation 14. Total number of Lots or Parcels in Town 430.
Verification of Cash on hand at Dec. 31st, 1932—
Cash on hand Dec. 31, 1932, as per Cash Statement 5.70
Less Deposited in Bank between Dec. 31, 1932, and date of this Audit, 5.70
Cash on hand actually counted by me at date of this Audit—Nil.

AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE.
I have audited the accounts of the Town of Stony Plain, Alberta for the year ending Dec. 31, 1932, and have compared the said accounts with their relative vouchers and certify that in my opinion the foregoing financial statements are properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the financial affairs of the Town, according to the best of my information, and as shown by the records subject to any qualifications mentioned in Auditor's Special Report herewith.
The statistical information contained herein was obtained from the books and records of the Town, or from information supplied by officials of the Town.

Dated at Stony Plain this 14th day of Jan., 1933.
Signed
W. H. LEWIS, Stony Plain, Alta.
AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT.
All books and vouchers were found in good order, and in checking throughout the year I found that same had been kept up to date.

M. MECKLENBURG, Optical Specialist

Edmonton Office, 400a Tegner Bldg.
The Best Fitting Glasses. The Latest Styles in
Frames. Glass Eyes.
—MODERATE CHARGES.—

JANUARY 31, 1933
The Last Day
on which you may make your entry for
The WORLD'S
GRAN EXHIBITION
and **CONFERENCE**
Regina
July 24 to August 5, 1933
This is your last opportunity to share in the Largest Cash Prizes Ever Offered for Grain and Seed. Be sure your entry is mailed before January 31st. And remember that your

EXHIBIT SAMPLE
must be sent in time to reach the Secretary, at Regina, not later than
MARCH 1, 1933
If you have not already done so, write for particulars NOW, while there still is time, to your Provincial Department of Agriculture or to the Secretary, Imperial Bank Chambers, Regina, Sask.

Chairman
National Committee
HON. ROBERT WEIR
Minister of Agriculture
for Canada
Chairman
Executive and Finance Committee,
HON. W. C. DUCKER
Minister of Agriculture
for Saskatchewan

sparkle!
Bright eyes,
lustrous hair,
—come only from
inner cleanliness.
Take Eno every
morning. CA 14-3

TAKE ENO'S FRUIT SALT

HEART OF THE NORTH

By
WILLIAM BYRON MOWERY

(WNU Series)

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CHAPTER IV.—Continued.

Halfway there, disaster overwhelmed them, sudden and stunning. It came from the air, in the shape of a pair of red-throated loons, flapping heavily out of the west, the birds dropped with a loud splash not ten feet away from the two men.

At the splash Alan heard a muffled oath in the flags; then a rustling movement, as though the bandits had nervously jumped for their guns; then silence. And then a voice from the twilight among the reeds:

"Nothin'. Jus' a pair of divers plumped down."

The alarm would have blown over if the loons had swum off. But the birds, crop-heavy and indolent, stayed where they were, showing no intention of moving away. As the female started preening herself, the male turned its eye suspiciously at the two strange objects sticking above the water.

What startled it Alan never knew. Bill did not move; he himself did not bat an eyelash. But in that jump, that silence the male suddenly threw open its beak and sent a raucous, maniacal shriek, as though some animal had seized it by the neck.

Instantly its mate joined in. The jarring, ear-splitting discord set muskrats diving out their houses and flushed every waterfowl in the lake a hundred yards distant. With a last frantic peal the loons tacked over the water, finally managed to take wing, and flapped heavily away.

But the damage had been done beyond retrieval. All that hour and a half of careful stalking, all the great caution and pains of slipping unaware upon the bandits, had been set naught by the crazy shriek of a crazy loon.

Over in the murky twilight of the flags there was a commission, sharp orders, the click of rifle bolts. At the edge of the flags a gun cra-a-ack, a rope of flame reached the water, a bullet ricocheted off the water.

It was a shrewd manoeuvre from the bandits, a tentative shot to draw the fire of their stalkers and discover where they were. Alan was quick-witted enough to see their motive and to lie low; but Bill jerked his rifle against his cheek and shot point-blank at the spurt of fire.

When Your Daughter Comes to Womanhood
Give Her Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Most girls in their teens need a tonic and regulator. Give your daughter Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for the next few months. Teach her how to guard her health at this critical time. When she is a happy, healthy wife and mother she will thank you.

W. N. U. 1918

A cry of pain went up. His bullet had scored. But the shot gave away their hiding. With all hope gone now of getting the drop, Alan scrambled behind cover of a muskrat house, fairly dragging Bill after him.

Half a dozen rifles exploded in the flags. Alan thrust his rifle over the top of the house and emptied it at the flashes. A bullet from a Savage, a sharp-cracking deadly Savage, hit his weapon, smashed the mechanism, numbed his hand, and drove jagged fiery bits of steel into his fingers.

For several minutes the bullets of the bandits beat a thudding, tattoo against the mud mound. As best they could Alan and Bill lifted their self-guns over the top of their shelter, and fired back. They heard no more yelps of pain. They were shooting wildly, aimlessly. Realizing this, believing the bandits had crept into the run had been shattered by his bullets, Alan stopped shooting and checked Bill.

Yonder in the reeds the fire died away raggedly. A silence fell. A minute lengthened into two, three, four. Alan heard, or thought, he heard a faint rustling, a faint burbling of water. He listened intently, but did not hear it again.

With his pistol all shattered, with the twilight steadily deepening, he was torn with desperation. If he and Bill moved, it was sheer suicide. If they crouched much longer where they were, the bandits would certainly slip away from them in the coming dark.

As he fought to think of a plan that would break this deadlock, he heard a long whistle, a clear shrill whistle from Larry's direction. It was Larry signalling.

He sprang up. "Bill! They've backed away, they've slipped up, they're breaking for the lake! Larry's alone. We've got to help Larry!"

They splashed out of the pond and into the flags, in a frantic effort to reach the lake edge. The marsh reeds clutched at them, tripped them, wrapped around their legs. Savagely they tore their way through to get into the clear in time to help Larry stop those bandits.

As he swung his clubbed rifle, smashing a pathway in front of him, Alan heard a lone gun cra-a-ack over on the lake, and heard the smart of half a dozen repeating weapons answering it like an echo. They drowned, they overwhelmed it. The lone gun did not speak again.

It seemed hours to him that he fought and tore through the dense flags, to reach the open and help a comrade who was standing up against six rifles. Before he broke through to the clear, the uneven battle had ended. As he burst out, to the lake edge, he had a glimpse of the police canoe drifting helplessly out in the middle; and across at the far side he saw two long blurred objects just entering the deep-water channel.

Numbed and dazed at those six men escaping, there was a moment when Alan could only realize that his canoe had failed. The two men, the patrol had vanished into the twilight and were lost in this watery wilderness, with pursuit utterly hopeless now.

In the next moment he heard a sound, a sound like a growling voice calling his name. It drew his eyes to the drifting police craft. "What was it doing out there? Like a flash he understood what Larry had done. When the bandits started across the lake to escape, Larry must have seen he could never stop them in the semi-darkness except at point-blank range. In the police canoe he must have seen some fearfully old man, alone. This first deadly volley had got him. That growling voice was Larry's."

Bill came bursting through to the clear. Alan whirled on him:

"Bill! They got Larry. He's wounded. Hard hit. Here. He's flailing Bill his belt-gun and broken rifle, he ran out into breast-deep water and struck out powerfully for the drifting canoe."

By a provident mercy he reached it in time. With half a dozen bolts spouting water into it, the craft was filling, tilting, about to overturn.

Larry lay at the bottom of it, writhing in pain.

By heroic struggles, swimming, pushing a deadweight ahead of him, Alan got the craft into shallower water, put his hand under its keel then, and kept it afloat.

He dragged it to the bank just as

Bill came splashing around the lake edge to join him.

"Alan! What happened? Where'd they go?"

"They got away. They're gone—gone. Forget it. Help me Bill—with Larry."

Together they bent over their bleeding, stricken comrade, and together they lifted him tenderly ashore.

CHAPTER V.

The Broken Sword

By the light of an electric torch Alan cut away Larry's clothing and examined his wounds. Larry had been shot twice, and both wounds were fearsome. One showed a ricocheting slug had struck him squarely in the knee, cruelly shattering the bone. The second had pierced his chest high up, just beneath the shoulder, and had passed entirely through his body. Stealing himself to the verge, Alan worked desperately, with four-point and tongs, until he had stanch the bleeding. Before he finished, Larry was, pushing faintly from the bullet shock.

Half an hour later, when Alan had done all he could do, Bill had managed to get the boat, and they turned their faces toward home, in despite of sorrow, in an anguish over Larry.

Alan picked him up in his arms, gently and tenderly, trying to keep that fatal bleeding from starting afresh. With Bill's softening him, staggering under the weight of the canoe, guns and packs, he headed back toward the Aboka branch.

For an hour they stumbled along, plowed through bog and mire, groped through the tall impending flags. It was an hour of darkness, of blind fierce struggle. But they reached the Aboka branch at last and set the canoe to water; and making Larry a port hole of flag, they began their sorrowful journey.



They Refused to Stop or Rest.

With no sleep in more than fifty hours, with all that long hard chase behind them, they were on the verge of exhaustion, and could make no time. Their hands were raw with blisters from paddle work; their faces were bleeding from insect bites; their whole bodies ached intolerably. They were muddled, wet, gunt, with hunger, heart-sick from the disgraceful failure of their patrol. But they refused to stop or rest; Larry had to be taken home quickly; the hours were a matter of life or death to him. With dogged courage they drove themselves on.

With his spirits at so low an ebb, the picture of that fur pack in Dave MacMillan's shed rose before Alan's eyes, and he foresaw the inevitable consequences to flow from that discovery. In his exhaustion, with all the buoyancy of hope drained out of him, he no longer could feel that somehow he was going to get Joyce's father off lightly. He must take Dave into endurance and enter charge; and now with these bandits es-

SOURCED ON THE WORLD?—THAT'S LIVER
Wake up your Liver!

—No Calumet necessary

Many people who feel sour, sluggish and generally weakened, make the mistake of taking Calumet. Calumet is a powerful purgative, and while it may give you a momentary feeling of relief, it does not cure the trouble. It only makes you feel worse. You need a liver tonic that will build up your system and give you a permanent feeling of well-being. Get your money's worth and feel better. Calumet is a liver tonic. It will cure you. Get it for them by name. Return satisfaction. See all druggists.



Get Rid of That SORE THROAT!

Any little soreness in the throat grows rapidly worse if neglected. Crush some tablets of Aspirin in some water, and gargle at once. This gives you instant relief, and reduces danger from infection. One good gargle and you can feel safe. If all soreness is not gone promptly, repeat. There's usually a cold with the sore throat, so take two tablets to throw off your cold, headache, stiffness or other cold symptoms. Aspirin relieves neuralgia, neuritis, too. Use it freely; it does not hurt the heart.

ASPIRIN

TRADE-MARK REG. IN CANADA



escaped, Dave would bear the whole brunt of the law's retribution. He felt that all the rest of his life he would be haunted by the memory of Joyce's pale face, frightened and anguished, in the cold gray dawn of yesterday.

In this whole miserable business—Johnny Montgomery dead, Larry in the shadow of death, that tragedy hovering over innocent Joyce MacMillan, the bandits escaped and the patrol disgraced—in all this evil-starred affair, only one thought held any comfort for Alan. It was a thought that, born of a savage and vengeful mood. He held a sword now over Inspector Haskell. Haskell had ordered this patrol to be split. Out of his ignorance and jealous anger, he had issued that crazy order, and it had wrecked the patrol. His gross incompetence, which heretofore had been only a vague charge hard to prove, now stood out glaringly, in all its inescapable guilt.

(To be Continued.)

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST
By Alton Michaels

THE ASTRONOMER

He deals with whirling stars and suns
And endless realms of space,
With that unending tide that runs
His never-ending race.
The universe before him spins
In ordered, vast array
Until man's little strifes and sins
Unheeded, drop away.
He dwells afar, so rapt is he
In tracing that design
Which flows through all infinity.
Unhurried and benign
And in his wisdom he can glean
God's purpose in the whole,
Which you and I have only seen
Within the human soul.

Then and Now

Changed Attitude of Americans Towards the War Debt

When, in 1918, on the invitation of our Foreign Office and an American committee, Sir George Adam Smith went to the United States to speak on the "Money and the Arms of the Allies," he had to address in April, along with Mr. Tarr, a meeting in Cleveland, Ohio, called by the Chamber of Commerce, and attended by over 700 men of business and the professions. Mr. Tarr, who was not then in office, said in the course of his address: "I hear that our Government is lending very large sums of money to Great Britain. As an American citizen I trust that we shall never ask back a single cent of it. Because for three years Great Britain has been standing between us and the monster." This was loudly cheered by the whole meeting—British Weekly.

Little Helps For This Week

"The Lord will hold thy right hand, saying unto thee, 'Fear not, I will help thee.'—Isaiah 41:13.
"Show Thy marvellous loving kindness, O Thou that thy right hand all who put their trust in Thee."—Psalms 117:7.

If we could see beyond today,
As God can see,
If all the clouds should roll away,
If the shadows flee,
O present griefs we would not fret,
Each sorrow we would soon forget,
For many joys are waiting yet
For you and me.

Do not look forward to what may happen tomorrow; the same everlasting Father who cares for you today will take care of you tomorrow and every day. Either He will shield you from suffering, or He will give you unfailing strength to bear it. Be at peace then, and put aside all anxious thoughts and imaginations.

Free Of Duty
Moving picture films of educational value are to cross European frontiers free of duty as soon as the League of Nations can complete international agreements. Included are films prepared for occupational training on health and technical research, also those describing the league's work.

CHILDREN'S COLDS



OVER 25 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

VICKS VAPORUB

Has a hundred uses. Always have a box in the kitchen.

Appleford PAPER PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURED IN CANADA

Zeigler-Lauxman.

A very pretty wedding was solemnised on Sunday afternoon, Jan. 22d, at the Glory Hills Reformed Church, when Miss Elsie Lauxman, Stony Plain district, became the bride of Mr Chris. Zeigler, of Heatherdown.

Rev C H Reppert, the pastor, officiated; and the edifice was filled with friends of the contracting friends.

The happy couple will shortly take up their residence on the bridegroom's farm at Heatherdown.

Bus Time Table.

Stops at Royal Cafe.
To Edmonton, 10.50
To Onoway and Mayerthorpe—17.25.

Donations to Hope Mission.

The members of the congregations of the Glory Hills Baptist church and the Glory Hills Reformed church have donated two truck loads of grain and vegetables to the Hope Mission, in Edmonton. Mr Andrew Jespersen delivered the goods in to the City free, with his truck.

The Hope Mission, Edmonton, is asking farmers of this district for donations of butter, meat, whole wheat, for distribution among the City's poor. Donations to this cause may be left in Stony Plain, at the Department Store of Mr T J Hardwick, who has very kindly consented to have the same forwarded to the Mission.

Obituary

On Sunday last the funeral rites were performed for Rudolf Goebel, a farmer of the Spruce Grove district. He ceased to be in his 33d year, having been born in the district. Services were held in St Matthew's Church, Spruce Grove; Rev G Poetzsch, the pastor, officiating; and interment was made in the nearby cemetery.

He leaves to mourn his loss his wife; his parents, Mr and Mrs Peter Goebel; 3 brothers, Fred D. Albert, Julius; and 6 sisters.

Deceased was killed instantly on the 19th, on his farm, when dynamite wrecked an outhouse where he was working. Coroner Oatway and Officer G R Bone, R.C.M.P., investigated the affair, and decided an inquest was not necessary.

He had worked for the C. N. Ry. at Spruce Grove for a time, and was then moved to Robb Station. On retiring from his position at Robb he took up farming at Golden Spike; removing a few years ago to the farm where he met his death.

1932 Dairy Production.

A decrease of about 9 pc. in the creamery butter production of the province for 1932, in comparison with the previous year, is recorded in the preliminary statement issued by the provincial dairy branch. There was, however, a considerable increase in the manufacture of cheese, and a splendid increase in the amount of butterfat that graded "special." Total value of all dairy products is estimated for 1932 at \$11,650,000.

Stony Plain and District

Mr Elmer Anderson has secured the contract to build a row of summer cottages at Kapasiwin Beach. Elmer was accompanied by Mr Herb Wolfe, who will superintend the construction work.

Mr and Mrs Gus Mintz are moving, this week, to the City.

Mr and Mrs Bittner intend moving over to Meridian road next week. They have taken the house formerly occupied by Mr Freye.

Mr and Mrs J A Berry have moved to Edmonton, to reside. Mr Berry is in the insurance business.

Members of the Walther League are putting on their annual play 'Arizona Cowboy' in the near future, at Moose Hall.

Ratepayers of Stony Plain Consolidated S. D. met Tuesday afternoon in the Town hall, when the auditor's report for the year was presented, as also was the report of the trustees. The reading of these caused considerable chatter, and the history of the doings of the school board was gone into pretty considerably. Mr G Oppertshauer, chairman of the board, presided. When the quizzing had ceased, nominations were in order, as Mr Oppertshauer's term had expired. He was nominated by Mr Clark; Mrs R E Wood was nominated by Mr A E Michael.

BUTTER AND EGGS WANTED at The Royal Cafe.

What One Cow Can Do.

An Edmonton daily, which bears the reputation of being a very reliable publication except when it came to printing cow stories, printed the following in its Saturday issue: "A cow went on a rampage in Bristol, England, recently and before it was caught it had climbed a narrow flight of stairs, walked into the bedroom of an invalid woman, aged 64; charged at a parrot which squawked; got its head under the bed and nearly threw the invalid—Mrs Minnie Morgan—out of bed; broke some crockery and got its head wedged in a cupboard. It was eventually caught and pushed downstairs."

Church Services.

German Lutheran services will be held in Stony Plain next Sunday at 10.30 a.m.

Service at Rosenthal Lutheran church Sunday, Jan. 15, at 10.45 a.m.

Services in St Philip's Church next Sunday, 11.00 a.m.

United Church service every Sunday Evg. at 7.30.

On Sunday Feb. 19 there will be Lutheran services at St Matthew Schoolhouse at 7.30 p.m., by Rev. H. Kuring.

The Market Report

WHEAT.	
No. 1 Northern	0.28
No. 2 Northern	0.26
No. 3 Northern	0.25
No. 4 Northern	0.23
OATS.	
2 C. W.	0.11
3 C. W.	0.08
Extra 1 Feed	0.09
No. 1 Feed	0.08
No. 2 Feed	0.07
BARLEY	
No. 3	0.14
No. 4	0.11
Feed	0.10

The Sun's Calendar.

- JANUARY—
27—Whist Drive in Town Hall by Town Band.
27—Pie Social and dance at Lucknow School.
28—Reception by the Editor, for overdue subscriptions.
29—Hockey game at 8 p.m.
FEBRUARY—
6—Hospital in Edmonton.
9—The Legislature opens.
18—Meeting of Town ratepayers and nomination for Councilors.
23—Election for Councilors for Luga M.D.

Spruce Grove News

The first general meeting of the members and adherents of the Spruce Grove United Church was held Wednesday evening, Jan. 18th, with Rev W E Sieber (the pastor) and Mrs Sieber being present. The election of elders and stewards and other matters in connection with the church engaged the attention of those present.

Mr Jacob Brox, who entered the Royal Alexandra hospital last week for treatment, arrived home on Saturday, feeling much better.

The Young Peoples' society held its regular bi-monthly meeting the evening of Friday, Jan. 20.

Mrs Ben Leader, of Comet district, is spending a few days at the Grove with her daughter, Mrs. Reg. Pilcher.

Mr J H McLaughlin, who recently returned from a province wide campaign in the interests of the company manufacturing Elephant Brand Fertilizer, reports that practically all grain raisers who had used this product last season gave repeat orders; and, in addition, a number of farmers were signed on, who expressed their intention to try out this famous fertilizer. Mr McLaughlin states there is every prospect of his company enlarging its operations in this province; and that, once the price of wheat hits a satisfactory price, there will be plenty demand for a first-class fertilizer such as Elephant Brand.

BIRTH—On Tues. Jan. 10, at the Royal Alexandra hospital, to the wife of Mr R W Nelson, a daughter.

Schedule of Mails.

- From the East—Sun. Tues. and Thurs. 10.47 p.m.
From the West—Sun. Wed. & Friday, at 8.15 p.m.
Mail to East—Sun. Wed. Friday at 8.15 p.m.
Mail to West—Sun. Tues. and Thurs. at 10.47 p.m.
Reg. dispatched and received with every mail.

ANOTHER CONSIGNMENT OF

BRIAR PIPES

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

ROYAL CAFE,

TO BE SOLD AT

25 CENTS.

REPAIR WORK!

All Kinds of Carpentering, Plastering, Brick Work, and Repair Work on Buildings.

Mr. Val. Pailer,
Stony Plain.

ANDERSON'S BAKERY.

Fresh Bread Every Day—4 Loaves for 25c.; 18 for \$1.

ALL KINDS OF PASTRY AND PIES.

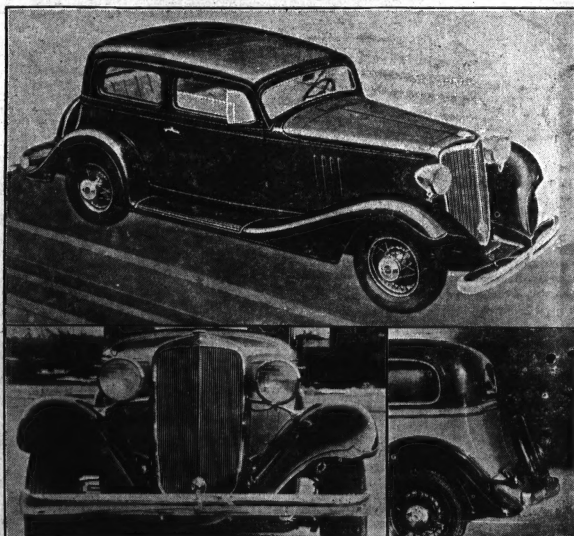
See Our SATURDAY SPECIALS in the Window.

PAUL ANDERSON, - Proprietor.



T. J. Hardwick Agent, Stony Plain

Chevrolet for 1933 Reveals New Style



WELL-KNOWN CANADIAN SIX HAS AIR-STREAM DESIGN AND MANY OTHER IMPROVEMENTS
Canadian to a greater degree than ever because it embodies ideas expressed by thousands of motorists of the Dominion, the Chevrolet Six is introduced with many interesting features. New air-stream design makes their car among the most beautiful on the market. Fisher No-Draft Ventilation, one of the greatest closed car advancements of the year, is standard equipment. Mechanically,

the Chevrolet Six is much improved. Picture above shows the beautiful standard coach. Below, at the left, a view of the front end. At the right, the rear quarter, showing the graceful air-stream lines and skirted fender.